

MCP SERVER

NO CODE

CLOUD HOSTED

# CodeRabbit MCP for AI Agents

## Manage Code Review Governance and Team Productivity Metrics

CodeRabbit manages your entire code review process through natural conversation. This MCP lets you control user roles, assign and unassign seats instantly, track detailed PR metrics, and audit every administrative action from any AI agent.

**F** Quality Score 3.6/100

ai-code-review

pull-request-automation

code-quality

security-analysis

team-productivity

dev-workflow



# The connectivity layer between AI and the world's software.



Vinkius sits between AI and every application. All communication passes through Vinkius Cloud via the Model Context Protocol (MCP) — with governance, observability, and security at every layer.

# Your AI Connections Run Through Vinkius Cloud

The world's largest  
managed MCP catalog

Vinkius is the connectivity layer where AI connects to the software your business already runs. We handle the hosting, the security, the credentials, the uptime — you get agents that actually do things.

We operate the world's largest managed MCP catalog. Major SaaS platforms, CRMs, databases, and cloud providers — running, monitored, production-ready. This MCP server is hosted and maintained by the Vinkius Cloud for AI Agents.

*The agent doesn't manage credentials, doesn't manage uptime, doesn't manage security. Vinkius does.*

— Architecture principle

---

## Four Pillars of the Vinkius Runtime

### 01 — Security by design

Credentials stay encrypted at rest via AES-256. The AI agent never touches raw keys — they're injected into a sandboxed V8 isolate at runtime. Actions are logged, and connections have an emergency kill switch.

### 03 — Deterministic observability

Eight immutable metrics per endpoint: request volume, p95 latency, error rate, active connections, cost attribution. A live payload feed logs every tool call with mutation detection.

### 02 — Built on MCP Fusion

This MCP server was built with **MCP Fusion**, the open-source framework (Apache 2.0) that powers the entire Vinkius catalog. Schema-as-firewall strips undeclared fields, compiled PII redaction runs at zero overhead, and cryptographic lockfiles produce git-diffable audit trails.

### 04 — Autonomous operations

Servers are deployed, monitored, and patched autonomously. New capabilities and security patches ship weekly. Zero-downtime deployments ensure continuous availability across all managed MCP servers.

**AES-256**

Encryption at rest

**Ed25519**

PKI vault signatures

**24h TTL**

Ephemeral session keys

**V8 Isolate**

Sandboxed execution

---

## One Token. Instant Access.

Every MCP server on Vinkius is accessed through a **Connection Token**. Tokens are generated in the cloud dashboard and produce a unique MCP endpoint URL. Paste this URL into any MCP-compatible client — no SDK required.

A single token can serve **multiple AI clients simultaneously**, or you can issue separate tokens per client for granular access control. Each token tracks its own request count, last activity timestamp, and can be individually enabled or revoked.

MCP ENDPOINT

`https://edge.vinkius.com/{token}/mcp`

Claude



Cursor



VS Code



Windsurf



Grok



Gemini

---

## Security Is the Architecture

Security in Vinkius is not a feature — it's the foundation of the runtime. The gateway enforces multiple independent protection layers between AI agents and third-party APIs.

### 01 — Ed25519 PKI Vault

Every workspace has an Ed25519 Master Key. Session keys are generated ephemerally (24h TTL) and signed by the Master Key. Credentials never leave the vault boundary.

### 02 — V8 Isolate Sandboxing

Tool code runs inside isolated-vm V8 isolates with 64 MB memory caps and per-request timeouts. No filesystem access, no network access except through the SSRF-guarded fetch bridge.

**03 — SSRF Guard**

All outbound HTTP requests are DNS-resolved and validated before execution. Private IP ranges (10.x, 172.16-31.x, 192.168.x, AWS metadata 169.254.x) are blocked at the network layer.

**05 — Cryptographic Audit Trail**

Every request is signed into a SHA-256 hash chain with Ed25519 signatures. Events form a tamper-proof, SIEM-exportable forensic record.

**04 — DLP & PII Redaction**

A ResponseGuard pipeline intercepts every tool response. Configurable redaction patterns strip sensitive fields (emails, SSNs, card numbers) before data reaches the AI agent.

**06 — Honeypot Trap System**

Phantom credentials are injected into isolated environments. If a honeypot is used outside Vinkius infrastructure, the server is quarantined instantly.

## Emergency Kill Switch

EU AI Act Art. 14(1)  
Compliant

The kill switch is an **emergency halt** mechanism — not a simple toggle. When triggered, it executes three actions atomically:

**01 — Server deactivated**

The MCP server is immediately taken offline across the entire cluster.

**02 — All tokens revoked**

Every connection token is invalidated. Total lockout — reconnection blocked until new tokens are issued.

**03 — WebSocket connections killed**

Active connections terminated via Redis pubsub broadcast. Propagates to every runtime node in the cluster.

## Full Visibility. Zero Guesswork.

The Vinkius cloud dashboard includes a full MCP Governance suite — real-time analytics and security controls for production AI operations.

**Control Plane**

KPI dashboard with request volume, latency, success rate, token consumption, and AI-generated operational briefings.

**FinOps**

Cost tracking per tool, payload compression savings, budget optimization signals, and consumption trends.

**Firewall & DLP**

PII redaction activity, sensitive data protection counters, and security event timeline.

**Agent Activity**

Which AI clients are connecting, how often, and what they're doing — real-time session tracking.

**Tool Health**

Slowest and most error-prone tools, with actionable root-cause insights and performance baselines.

**Incident Log**

Error trends, failure rates, status-code breakdowns, and forensic audit trail access.

Get started at [cloud.vinkius.com](https://cloud.vinkius.com) — connect your AI agent in under 60 seconds.

# CodeRabbit MCP

9 tools available

Cloud-hosted on Vinkius

Managing an engineering team's code reviews used to mean jumping between dashboards, running reports, and manually updating access lists—a total time suck. Now, connect your CodeRabbit organization to Vinkius and let your AI agent handle the governance part through natural conversation.

Instead of digging into complex menus, you simply ask your agent what's going on with team seats or who needs training. You can instantly list every user, assign bulk seats across 500 members, or even promote an engineer to admin status without ever touching a settings panel. This MCP gives your AI client full control over the review lifecycle—from tracking average complexity scores on pull requests to generating tamper-resistant audit logs for compliance reporting. It turns tedious governance tasks into simple conversation prompts.

---

## Core Capabilities

### 01 — List all organization members

You can check who is in the organization and filter that list by their role or whether they have a seat assigned.

### 03 — Retrieve organization audit logs

It pulls tamper-resistant records detailing all administrative actions taken within the CodeRabbit environment, useful for compliance.

### 05 — Get the current seat assignment mode

This checks and reports the operational policy for how CodeRabbit seats are currently being assigned in the organization.

### 07 — Promote users to admin role

This function elevates specified members into the administrator role, granting them full control over settings.

### 02 — Assign CodeRabbit seats to users

This function lets you assign active code review seats to up to 500 user IDs per request.

### 04 — Demote users from admin to member role

You can safely demote specific users, removing their elevated administrator privileges while keeping them as standard members.

### 06 — Retrieve PR review metrics for a date range

The agent gathers detailed data on merged pull requests, including complexity scores and average time taken for reviews.

### 08 — Remove CodeRabbit seats from users

You can unassign seats from users without deleting their entire accounts, which is useful for temporary access restrictions.

**09 –**

Allows you to change the overall seat assignment policy mode across the organization (requires Enterprise plan).

# One Click on Vinkius — From Prompt to Execution

Available at [vinkius.com/mcp/coderabbit](https://vinkius.com/mcp/coderabbit) — connect your AI agent in three steps.

- 01 Subscribe to this MCP on Vinkius.
- 02 Provide your CodeRabbit API Key in the organization settings.
- 03 Use your AI agent to issue commands like 'list all users with unassigned seats' directly through your preferred client.

The bottom line is, you tell your AI client what governance task needs doing, and it handles the connection and execution using CodeRabbit's API.

---

## Built For

This MCP is built for engineering managers, platform engineers, and compliance officers. If your job involves managing who has access to code reviews, tracking team output, or proving audit trails, this is what you need.

### Engineering Manager

You use it to get instant visibility into team velocity and quality metrics by querying pull request review data.

### Platform Engineer

You automate seat management, role changes, and configuration updates across massive developer organizations.

### Compliance Officer

You query the full audit logs to generate reports on administrative actions without needing direct dashboard access.

---

## What Changes When You Connect

- 01 Get instant visibility into team code review velocity. Instead of downloading reports, you simply ask your agent to retrieve PR review metrics using `get_metrics`.

- 
- 02 Maintain strict compliance records effortlessly. The `get_audit_logs` tool provides tamper-resistant access to all admin actions for SIEM integration.

---

  - 03 Manage large teams at scale. Use `assign_seats` or `unassign_seats` to control hundreds of user seats in bulk, saving hours of manual clicking.

---

  - 04 Enforce proper team structure with precision. You can promote users using `promote_users` or demote them using `demote_users` when roles change.

---

  - 05 Know your current policy instantly. Use `get_seat_mode` and `update_seat_mode` to manage how seats are assigned across the organization.
- 

---

## Real-World Applications

### Identifying team members who lack review access

An engineer needs to know which new hires haven't been given code review seats yet. The agent runs `list_users`, filters by seat assignment status, and provides a clean list of people needing immediate attention.

### Analyzing team efficiency over time

The manager wants to know if the average review time increased after adopting a new codebase. The agent calls `get_metrics` for the last quarter, providing complex score and time trend data.

### Auditing an admin change for compliance

A security officer needs proof that the team lead was only given admin rights on June 1st. They query `get_audit_logs`, filtering by date and action type to generate a perfect report.

---

# Patterns to Avoid

---

## Manually checking every user status

### ✗ AVOID

The manager opens 15 different tabs in the dashboard to check if specific users have seats assigned. This takes 20 minutes and is prone to human error.

### ✓ INSTEAD

Instead, ask your agent to `list_users` and filter by seat assignment status. It runs the query instantly and gives you a summary of who needs attention.

---

## Forgetting role changes

### ✗ AVOID

A developer leaves the team and their admin privileges aren't revoked, creating an unnecessary security risk.

### ✓ INSTEAD

Use `demote_users` to immediately revoke elevated permissions for departing staff. This ensures the user loses administrative control instantly.

---

## Assuming default seat policies are active

### ✗ AVOID

The team starts assigning seats inconsistently, leading to confusion about who is supposed to have access.

### ✓ INSTEAD

Use `get_seat_mode` and `update_seat_mode`. This forces the agent to check the current policy and allows you to enforce a standardized assignment mode.

---

## The Right Fit

You should use this MCP if your governance concerns center on who can review code, what their role is, or how much effort the team puts into reviews. If you need to track specific PR metrics like complexity scores or average review time, this is your tool. Don't use it if you primarily need to manage user identities outside of CodeRabbit (like HR data), or if you just want a general chat interface for coding help; those require different agent integrations. Use `list_users` and `get_audit_logs` when governance and security are the core concerns.

---

---

## CodeRabbit MCP: Streamlining Code Review Governance with AI Agents

Right now, managing access to code reviews is a nightmare of clicks. You have to jump into the dashboard, run multiple reports, and manually cross-reference who has an active seat versus who needs elevated permissions. This process eats up time that should be spent coding.

With this MCP, you just talk to your agent. Say, 'Who are the three people promoted last month?' Your agent uses its tools to check roles, list users, and give you a precise answer immediately. You get governance control through conversation.

---

## CodeRabbit MCP: Tracking Code Review Productivity Metrics via AI Agents

To assess team performance, developers usually have to pull raw data on every merged PR, then manually calculate the average complexity score or review time across different branches. It's a massive spreadsheet effort.

Now, you ask your agent for 'Q3 review metrics.' It runs `get_metrics` and returns clean, actionable figures right away. You don't just track activity; you measure actual quality.

---

# CodeRabbit: 9 Tools for Code Review Governance and Metrics

These tools give your agent granular control over user access, role assignments, seat management, and performance data within your code review system.

#	TOOL	DESCRIPTION
01	<code>assign_seats</code>	Assign CodeRabbit seats to a group of users, supporting up to 500 IDs in one request.
02	<code>get_audit_logs</code>	Retrieves the organization's tamper-proof audit logs for compliance reporting purposes.
03	<code>demote_users</code>	Demotes specified users from an admin role back to a standard member status.
04	<code>get_seat_mode</code>	Checks and returns the current system mode for assigning CodeRabbit seats.
05	<code>list_users</code>	Lists all users in the organization, allowing optional filtering by role or seat assignment status.
06	<code>get_metrics</code>	Retrieves key PR review metrics for a specified date range to analyze productivity.
07	<code>promote_users</code>	Promotes specified users, elevating them to the administrator role within CodeRabbit.
08	<code>unassign_seats</code>	Removes existing CodeRabbit seats from users without deleting their underlying accounts.
09	<code>update_seat_mode</code>	Changes the overall seat assignment policy, requiring an Enterprise plan.

---

## See It in Action

Real prompts you can use once this MCP is connected to your AI agent through Vinkius Cloud.

- U** Show me all team members who do not have a CodeRabbit seat assigned or are currently demoted.



I found 3 users that need attention:

- **sarah.chen**: Status: Unassigned Seat (Action needed)
- **marcus.dev**: Role: Member; Seats: No (Needs promotion/seat)
- **new.hire**: Status: Unassigned Seat (Requires initial assignment)

Would you like me to run `assign_seats` on all of them?

- U** What were our average PR complexity scores for the last month?



Here are the review metrics for June 2026:

- **Total PRs reviewed**: 185
- **Average Complexity Score (last 30 days)**: 7.9/10
- **Median Review Time**: 4.5 minutes
- **Critical Issues Found**: 25

The score is slightly up; should we investigate the repository metrics?

**U** I need to confirm who has admin rights and what changes were made last week.



Here are the audit logs for the past 7 days:

1. **role.promoted:** The ops team promoted john.doe to Admin (June 25).
2. **seat.assigned:** Three new seats were assigned by admin@company.com (June 28).
3. **config.updated:** Seat assignment mode changed from Manual to Automatic (June 30).

All entries are logged and ready for compliance review.

---

## Frequently Asked Questions

---

### 01 How does CodeRabbit help me manage roles and user access?

This MCP lets you control who has what permissions through conversation. You can list users, promote members to admin, or demote them instantly without navigating complex settings.

### 02 Can I track team productivity metrics using CodeRabbit with AI agents?

Yes, you can retrieve detailed PR review metrics like average complexity scores and total review times for any date range. This gives you a clear view of the team's actual output quality.

### 03 Is CodeRabbit good for compliance auditing?

Absolutely. It provides access to tamper-resistant audit logs, letting you query every administrative action taken on the organization, which is critical for SIEM reporting.

### 04 Do I need to manually assign seats when new employees join?

No. You can use this MCP to check who has unassigned seats and then bulk assign them across your entire team using a single command prompt.

### 05 What if I want to change the overall seat assignment policy?







You can view the current policy with `get_seat_mode`, and if needed (and on the Enterprise plan), you can update the mode using `update_seat_mode`.

# Go Live in 60 Seconds

Get your connection token from [cloud.vinkius.com](https://cloud.vinkius.com), then paste the endpoint URL into any MCP-compatible client.

YOUR MCP ENDPOINT

```
https://edge.vinkius.com/[TOKEN]/mcp
```

CLIENT	WHERE TO CONFIGURE
 <b>Claude AI</b>	Profile → Customize → Connectors → "+" → Add custom connector → Paste endpoint
 <b>Cursor</b>	Settings → Features → MCP Servers → "+ Add New MCP Server" → Type: SSE → Paste endpoint
 <b>VS Code</b>	Ctrl/Cmd+Shift+P → "MCP: Add Server" → add <code>"coderabbit": { "url": "..."} </code>
 <b>Windsurf</b>	MCP Settings → <code>mcp_settings.json</code> → Add endpoint URL
 <b>ChatGPT</b>	Settings → Tools & plugins → Add MCP server → Paste endpoint
 <b>Gemini</b>	Extensions → Add MCP Server → Paste endpoint URL

## ASK AN AI ABOUT THIS

Let your preferred AI explain this MCP server

-  **Ask ChatGPT** 
-  **Ask Claude** 
-  **Ask Perplexity** 
-  **Ask Gemini** 
-  **Ask Grok** 

READY TO CONNECT

# CodeRabbit is live on Vinkius Cloud.

Get your connection token, paste it into your AI agent, and  
start building. No SDK. No deployment. Just results.

[Start at cloud.vinkius.com](https://cloud.vinkius.com) →

[vinkius.com](https://vinkius.com) · [support@vinkius.com](mailto:support@vinkius.com)

### INDEPENDENT PLATFORM DISCLAIMER

Vinkius is an independent platform and is not affiliated with, endorsed by, sponsored by, verified by, or otherwise authorized by CodeRabbit. All third-party trademarks, logos, and brand names are the property of their respective owners. Their use in this document is strictly for informational purposes to identify service compatibility and interoperability.

### DOCUMENT INFORMATION

Generated	June 2026
MCP Server	CodeRabbit MCP
Server ID	019d7576-8232-7107-9acd-e11bae6e81d6
Platform	Vinkius Cloud for AI Agents
Endpoint	<a href="https://edge.vinkius.com/{token}/mcp">https://edge.vinkius.com/{token}/mcp</a>

### LICENSE & USAGE

This document is generated automatically by the Vinkius PDF Engine. Content reflects the MCP server configuration at the time of generation and may change as updates are deployed. For the most current information, visit [vinkius.com/mcp/coderabbit](https://vinkius.com/mcp/coderabbit).